

George Washington President of the
United States of America. To all to whom these
Presents shall come Greeting.

Whereas a Treaty between the United States and the
Wyandot, Delaware, Ottawa, Chippawa, Pottawattima, and Sac Nations
of Indians, was in due form made and concluded at Fort Harmar on the
ninth day of January last past, by Arthur St. Clair Governor of the Territory
North west of the Ohio. who was duly Authorized thereto by the said States
on their part, and by the Sachems and Warriors of the said Nations on their
part, Which Treaty is in the form and words following. Vizt.

(here insert it)



Articles of a Treaty made at

The Territory of the United States, North West of the States of America; for removing all causes of contention between the United States, on the one part, and the Delaware, Ottawa, Chippewa, Pottawatimie and Sac Nations, on the other part.

Article 1st. Whereas, the United States in Congress assembled, did by their Commissioners, George Rogers Clark, Richard Butler, and Arthur Lee Esquires, duly of Delaware, Ottawa, Chippewa Nations at Fort Detroit one thousand seven hundred and eighty four, conclude and take them into their friendship and protection, and whereas, the said Nations have now agreed to send with engagements they had made with the United States of by their parents, and there are now in the possession of them, and in view with the said United States and them. The said Nations agree to deliver they may have come into their possession, to the said Officer commanding there, as soon as conveniently may, two agree to deliver into his hands, two persons of Status, as hostages, until the said persons are restored;

Article 2nd. And whereas, in the beforementioned Treaty, it was agreed between the United States and said Nations, that a boundary line should be fixed, between the lands of the said Nations, as follows: - Viz, Beginning at the said river to the bridge between that, and the Lake to the forks, at the crossing place above Fort Lawrence, Miami river which runs into the Ohio, at the mouth of the year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and thirty two, then down the south side of the Lake Erie, to the mouth of Cayahoga, where it begins for, and in consideration of the peace then granted (received, as well, as of a quantity of goods to the value of three hundred dollars, the receipt whereof they as hereby the said Nations, to the end that the same United States of America, and the Lands of said in their own hands, and the names of this Commission, declaration about mentioned, to wit, George Rogers Clark, and West, of the Lines above described, for the said United States, to have and to hold the same in

Article 3rd. The United States of America Nations, respectively, all the Lands lying between the said river, and otherwise to occupy as they shall Liberty to sell or otherwise of the same, or any part or to the Subjects or Citizens of any other Sovereign

Article 4th. It is agreed between the said United States and the said Nations, that the individuals of said Nations, shall be at Liberty to hunt within the Territory above so long as they demand themselves peacefully, and for the said United States.

Article 5th. It is agreed that if any Indian or American, or citizen, on any of the Citizens of the United States, the nation or tribe to which the offender belongs

On complaint being made, shall deliver up the person or persons complained of, at the nearest post of the United States, North west of the River Ohio, for the punishment of such offences, if the same shall have been committed within the said Territory, or according to the laws of the State where the offence may have been committed; if the same has happened in any of the States of the United States, shall commit murder or robbery on complaint being made thereof, he or they shall be arrested, State, or of the Territory, wherein the offence was committed, and established between the United States and said Nations.

Article 6th. And whereas, the practice of stealing of the United States, and of persons in general, has been so much, it is agreed that it shall be just individuals in defiance of this agreement, and if the law of that nation, the person convicted thereof shall be States, or territory of the United States, North west of the said river, and all horses, mules, cattle, by the said Nations, citizens or subjects of the United States, from any of the said States, they may have property, and when due proof shall be made, the said Magistrate in the United States, subject of the Ohio, shall give all necessary aid and protection to

Article 7th. Trade shall be opened with the said Nations, and they as hereby respectively engage to may be duty licensed to trade among them for the purpose of that no person shall be permitted to trade at their towns furnished with a License for that purpose, under the the United States Northwest of the Ohio for the time being for the management of Indian affairs, to the end that

and if any person or persons shall intrude themselves into the said Territory, and to bring them to the said Governor, or to be dealt with according to law, and that they may to serve such licenses; they further engage to give up the said Indians, and in the Territory of the United States, North west of the Ohio, shall be recovered for the use of the

Article 8th. Should any Nation of Indians, and the same shall come to the knowledge of the United States, or either of them, attempt to fight same, and on let no person give information against them as possible, that all causes of mischief and In like manner the United States shall give notice and prevent the same, that the friendship between

Article 9th. If any person or persons, citizen or Indian, shall presume to settle upon the lands of the United States, and the said Nation

Article 10th. The United States shall have Fort McIntosh for the establishment of trading Mills square at the mouth of the Miami or Cincinnati Miami which runs into the Ohio. Six miles square and two miles square upon each side the lower approved to them shall be for the use and under the

Article 11th. The post at Detroit, with a River at the West end of Lake Erie, and running and always six miles West of the State, until it reaches the said Nations

Article 12th. In like manner, the post at Saginaw about the year shall be reserved to the said Nations

Article 13th. The United States of America intend to enter into with the said Nations, at the said Nations agree acknowledge themselves, and all States, and in other power and power.

Article 14th. The United States of America, Nations of the Pottawatimie, and of the said, and to them respectively and all the Articles of this treaty as made and concluded in all, and every part

Article 15th. And Whereas, in describing the said article carry it from the postage on that the River in Ohio, which was neither the intention declared, that the said Nations have from the said which is to the Southern and Eastern of the Miami River to the said Village, and there down that to the place of Beginning.

Article 16th. Whereas, the United States in Congress assembled, did by their Commissioners, George Rogers Clark, Richard Butler, and Arthur Lee Esquires, duly of Delaware, Ottawa, Chippewa Nations at Fort Detroit one thousand seven hundred and eighty four, conclude and take them into their friendship and protection, and whereas, the said Nations have now agreed to send with engagements they had made with the United States of by their parents, and there are now in the possession of them, and in view with the said United States and them. The said Nations agree to deliver they may have come into their possession, to the said Officer commanding there, as soon as conveniently may, two agree to deliver into his hands, two persons of Status, as hostages, until the said persons are restored;

Article 17th. And whereas, in the beforementioned Treaty, it was agreed between the United States and said Nations, that a boundary line should be fixed, between the lands of the said Nations, as follows: - Viz, Beginning at the said river to the bridge between that, and the Lake to the forks, at the crossing place above Fort Lawrence, Miami river which runs into the Ohio, at the mouth of the year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and thirty two, then down the south side of the Lake Erie, to the mouth of Cayahoga, where it begins for, and in consideration of the peace then granted (received, as well, as of a quantity of goods to the value of three hundred dollars, the receipt whereof they as hereby the said Nations, to the end that the same United States of America, and the Lands of said in their own hands, and the names of this Commission, declaration about mentioned, to wit, George Rogers Clark, and West, of the Lines above described, for the said United States, to have and to hold the same in

Article 18th. The United States of America Nations, respectively, all the Lands lying between the said river, and otherwise to occupy as they shall Liberty to sell or otherwise of the same, or any part or to the Subjects or Citizens of any other Sovereign

Article 19th. It is agreed between the said United States and the said Nations, that the individuals of said Nations, shall be at Liberty to hunt within the Territory above so long as they demand themselves peacefully, and for the said United States.

Article 20th. It is agreed that if any Indian or American, or citizen, on any of the Citizens of the United States, the nation or tribe to which the offender belongs

On complaint being made, shall deliver up the person or persons complained of, at the nearest post of the United States, North west of the River Ohio, for the punishment of such offences, if the same shall have been committed within the said Territory, or according to the laws of the State where the offence may have been committed; if the same has happened in any of the States of the United States, shall commit murder or robbery on complaint being made thereof, he or they shall be arrested, State, or of the Territory, wherein the offence was committed, and established between the United States and said Nations.

Article 21st. And whereas, the practice of stealing of the United States, and of persons in general, has been so much, it is agreed that it shall be just individuals in defiance of this agreement, and if the law of that nation, the person convicted thereof shall be States, or territory of the United States, North west of the said river, and all horses, mules, cattle, by the said Nations, citizens or subjects of the United States, from any of the said States, they may have property, and when due proof shall be made, the said Magistrate in the United States, subject of the Ohio, shall give all necessary aid and protection to

Article 22nd. Trade shall be opened with the said Nations, and they as hereby respectively engage to may be duty licensed to trade among them for the purpose of that no person shall be permitted to trade at their towns furnished with a License for that purpose, under the the United States Northwest of the Ohio for the time being for the management of Indian affairs, to the end that

and if any person or persons shall intrude themselves into the said Territory, and to bring them to the said Governor, or to be dealt with according to law, and that they may to serve such licenses; they further engage to give up the said Indians, and in the Territory of the United States, North west of the Ohio, shall be recovered for the use of the

Article 23rd. Should any Nation of Indians, and the same shall come to the knowledge of the United States, or either of them, attempt to fight same, and on let no person give information against them as possible, that all causes of mischief and In like manner the United States shall give notice and prevent the same, that the friendship between

Article 24th. If any person or persons, citizen or Indian, shall presume to settle upon the lands of the United States, and the said Nation

Article 25th. The United States shall have Fort McIntosh for the establishment of trading Mills square at the mouth of the Miami or Cincinnati Miami which runs into the Ohio. Six miles square and two miles square upon each side the lower approved to them shall be for the use and under the

Article 26th. The post at Detroit, with a River at the West end of Lake Erie, and running and always six miles West of the State, until it reaches the said Nations

Article 27th. In like manner, the post at Saginaw about the year shall be reserved to the said Nations

Article 28th. The United States of America intend to enter into with the said Nations, at the said Nations agree acknowledge themselves, and all States, and in other power and power.

Article 29th. The United States of America, Nations of the Pottawatimie, and of the said, and to them respectively and all the Articles of this treaty as made and concluded in all, and every part

Article 30th. And Whereas, in describing the said article carry it from the postage on that the River in Ohio, which was neither the intention declared, that the said Nations have from the said which is to the Southern and Eastern of the Miami River to the said Village, and there down that to the place of Beginning.

Article 31st. Whereas, the United States in Congress assembled, did by their Commissioners, George Rogers Clark, Richard Butler, and Arthur Lee Esquires, duly of Delaware, Ottawa, Chippewa Nations at Fort Detroit one thousand seven hundred and eighty four, conclude and take them into their friendship and protection, and whereas, the said Nations have now agreed to send with engagements they had made with the United States of by their parents, and there are now in the possession of them, and in view with the said United States and them. The said Nations agree to deliver they may have come into their possession, to the said Officer commanding there, as soon as conveniently may, two agree to deliver into his hands, two persons of Status, as hostages, until the said persons are restored;

Article 32nd. And whereas, in the beforementioned Treaty, it was agreed between the United States and said Nations, that a boundary line should be fixed, between the lands of the said Nations, as follows: - Viz, Beginning at the said river to the bridge between that, and the Lake to the forks, at the crossing place above Fort Lawrence, Miami river which runs into the Ohio, at the mouth of the year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and thirty two, then down the south side of the Lake Erie, to the mouth of Cayahoga, where it begins for, and in consideration of the peace then granted (received, as well, as of a quantity of goods to the value of three hundred dollars, the receipt whereof they as hereby the said Nations, to the end that the same United States of America, and the Lands of said in their own hands, and the names of this Commission, declaration about mentioned, to wit, George Rogers Clark, and West, of the Lines above described, for the said United States, to have and to hold the same in

Article 33rd. The United States of America Nations, respectively, all the Lands lying between the said river, and otherwise to occupy as they shall Liberty to sell or otherwise of the same, or any part or to the Subjects or Citizens of any other Sovereign

Article 34th. It is agreed between the said United States and the said Nations, that the individuals of said Nations, shall be at Liberty to hunt within the Territory above so long as they demand themselves peacefully, and for the said United States.

Article 35th. It is agreed that if any Indian or American, or citizen, on any of the Citizens of the United States, the nation or tribe to which the offender belongs

On complaint being made, shall deliver up the person or persons complained of, at the nearest post of the United States, North west of the River Ohio, for the punishment of such offences, if the same shall have been committed within the said Territory, or according to the laws of the State where the offence may have been committed; if the same has happened in any of the States of the United States, shall commit murder or robbery on complaint being made thereof, he or they shall be arrested, State, or of the Territory, wherein the offence was committed, and established between the United States and said Nations.

Article 36th. And whereas, the practice of stealing of the United States, and of persons in general, has been so much, it is agreed that it shall be just individuals in defiance of this agreement, and if the law of that nation, the person convicted thereof shall be States, or territory of the United States, North west of the said river, and all horses, mules, cattle, by the said Nations, citizens or subjects of the United States, from any of the said States, they may have property, and when due proof shall be made, the said Magistrate in the United States, subject of the Ohio, shall give all necessary aid and protection to

Article 37th. Trade shall be opened with the said Nations, and they as hereby respectively engage to may be duty licensed to trade among them for the purpose of that no person shall be permitted to trade at their towns furnished with a License for that purpose, under the the United States Northwest of the Ohio for the time being for the management of Indian affairs, to the end that

and if any person or persons shall intrude themselves into the said Territory, and to bring them to the said Governor, or to be dealt with according to law, and that they may to serve such licenses; they further engage to give up the said Indians, and in the Territory of the United States, North west of the Ohio, shall be recovered for the use of the

Article 38th. Should any Nation of Indians, and the same shall come to the knowledge of the United States, or either of them, attempt to fight same, and on let no person give information against them as possible, that all causes of mischief and In like manner the United States shall give notice and prevent the same, that the friendship between

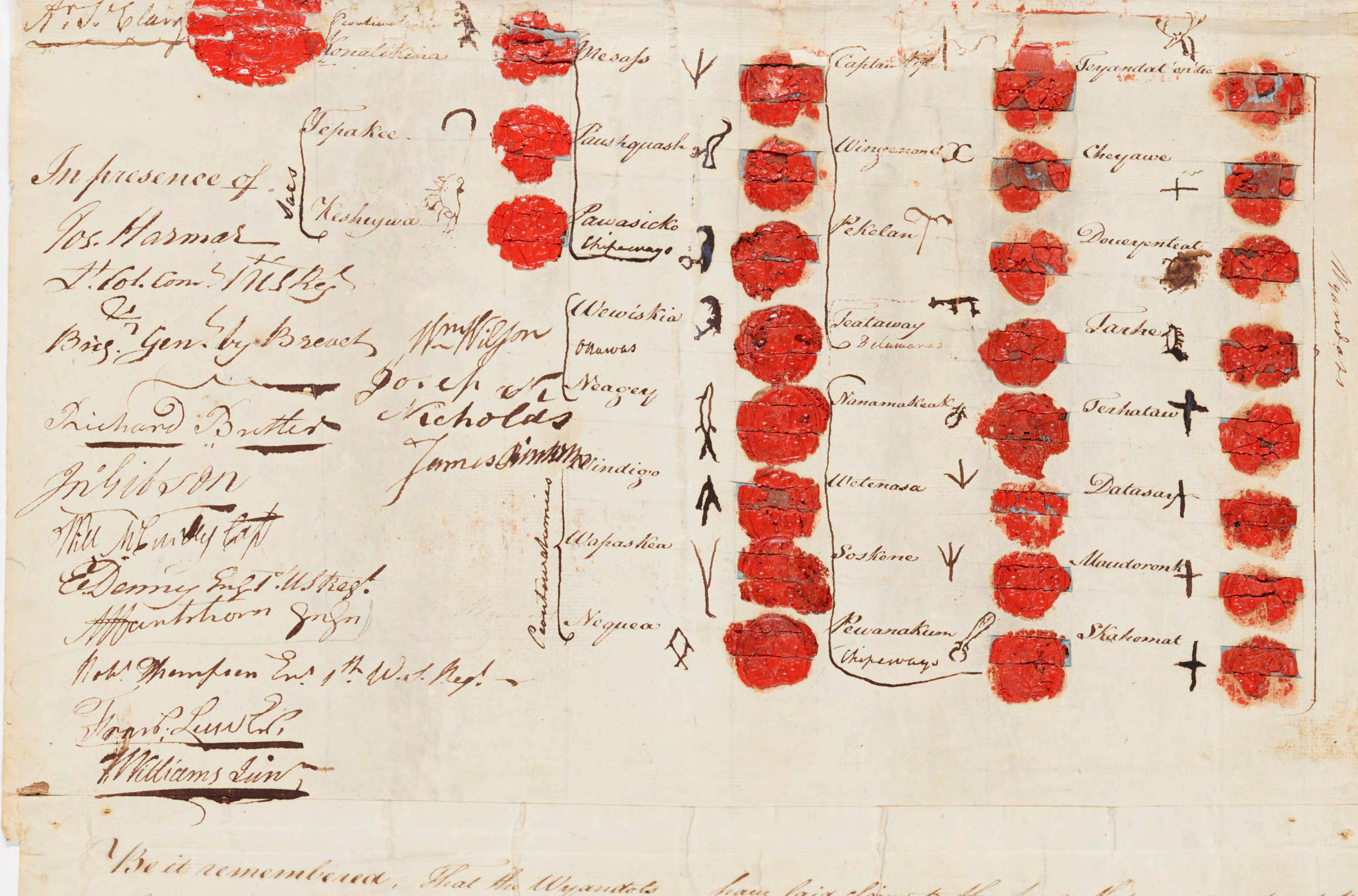
Article 39th. If any person or persons, citizen or Indian, shall presume to settle upon the lands of the United States, and the said Nation

Article 40th. The United States shall have Fort McIntosh for the establishment of trading Mills square at the mouth of the Miami or Cincinnati Miami which runs into the Ohio. Six miles square and two miles square upon each side the lower approved to them shall be for the use and under the

Article 41st. The post at Detroit, with a River at the West end of Lake Erie, and running and always six miles West of the State, until it reaches the said Nations

Article 42nd. In like manner, the post at Saginaw about the year shall be reserved to the said Nations

Article 43rd. The United States of America intend to enter into with the said Nations, at the said Nations agree acknowledge themselves, and all States, and in other power and power.



Article 44th. We it remembered, that the Shawanese, at the treaty held at the Miami Treaty, and agreed to report, and to tell to them they will do so, and that the Shawanese are only living upon it Country West of the Miami boundary from the their management and direction.

Article 45th. Whereas, The Shawanese have represented that they have two Villages from which they are not with any convenience remove, it is agreed that they shall remain in possession of the same and shall not be in any manner disturbed therein.

*Articles of a Treaty made at
The Territory of the United States, North West of the
States of America; for removing all causes of con-
troversy between the said Nations, in the Northern Department; of the
Delaware, Ottawa, Chippewa, Pottawatima and Sec-*

Article, 1st.

*Whereas, The United States in Congress
Richard Butler, and Arthur Lee Esquires, duly as-
sembled, and the said Nations at Fort Mifflin
one thousand seven hundred and Eighty five, conclude
and take them into their friendship and protection,
prisoners that had been made by those Nations, or either
Whereas, the said Nations have now agreed to and with
engagements they had made with the United States of
by their parents, and there are now in the possession
been taken by others, not in peace with the said United
States and them. The said Nations agree to deliver
they may have come into their possession, to the said
Officer commanding there; as soon as conveniently may
also agree to deliver into his hands, two persons of
Status, as hostages, until the said prisoners are restored;*

Article 2nd

*And it is agreed, at the beforementioned
That a boundary line should be fixed, between the Lands
boundary is as follows - Viz, Beginning at the
said river to the portage between that, and the Tus-*

*to the forks at the crossing place above Fort Lawrence
Miami river which runs into the Ohio, at the mouth
in the year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred
or Ohio River, and down the South East side of the
Lake Erie, to the mouth of Cayahoga, where it begins
for, and in consideration of the peace then granted
received; as well, as of a quantity of goods to the value
Arthur S. Clair; the receipt whereof they do hereby
the said boundary line; to the end that the same
United States of America, and the Lands of said
in their own Mannors, and the names of their respective
cession above mentioned, release, quit claim, relinquish
and West, of the Lines above described, so far as
United States, to have and to hold the same in*

Article 3rd

*The United States of America
Nations, respectively, all the Lands lying between the
hunt upon, and otherwise to occupy as they shall
Liberty to sell or dispose of the same, or any part
nor to the Subjects or Citizens of any other Sovereign*

Article 4th

*It is agreed between the said United
shall be at Liberty to hunt within the Territory ceded
so long as they demean themselves peaceably, and for
of the said United States.*

Article 5th

*It is agreed That if any Indian or
Murder, or Robbery, on any of the Citizens of the Uni-*

*On complaint being made, shall deliver up the
the United States; to the end that he or they may
Laws established in the Territory of the United
of such offences, if the same shall have been com-
of the State where the offence may have been
States. In like manner if any Subject or Citizen
any Indian or Indians of the said Nations; upon
trial, and punished, agreeable to the Laws of the
That nothing may interrupt the peace & harmony.*

Article 6th

*And whereas, The practice of stealing
of the United States, and if persisted in cannot fail
in endless animosity, it is agreed that it shall be put
individuals in defiance of this agreement, and of the laws
of that nature; the person convicted thereof shall be
States, or Territory of the United States, North West of
admit of. and all horses so stolen, either by the Indians,
Citizens or Subjects of the United States from any of
soever they may have passed and upon due proof shall be
And the Civil Magistrates in the United States, West
of the Ohio, shall give all necessary aid & protection to*

Article, 7th

*Trade, shall be opened with the
afford protection to the persons & property of such in
of Trade, and to their Agents, Factors & Servants.
or at their hunting camps as a Trader, who is not
bind and seal of the Governor of the Territory of
or under the hand and seal of one of his deputies*

*Fort Harmar, between Arthur S. Clair, Governor of
River Ohio, and Commissioners, Plenipotentiary of the United
Treaty; regulating Trade, and settling boundaries, with
One part. And the Sachems & Warriors, of the Wyandot
Nations, on the other part.*

*assembled, did by their Commissioners, George Rogers Cla-
-pointed for that purpose; at a Treaty holden with the Wyandot
on the Twenty first day of January, in the year of our Lord
a peace with the Wyandots, Delawares, Ottawas Chippewa
And whereas, at the said Treaty it was stipulated that all
of them, should be delivered up to the United States. And
the aforesaid Arthur S. Clair, to renew and confirm all the
America, at the beforementioned Treaty, except so far as would
of some individuals of those Nations, certain prisoners; who
States, or in Violation of the Treaties subsisting between the Uni-
rep all the prisoners now in their hands, by what means, for
Governor S. Clair at Fort Harmar, or, in his absence to the
be. and for the true performance of this agreement they do
the Wyandot Nation to be retained in the hands of the Uni-
after which they shall be sent back to their Nations.*

*Treaty, it was agreed between the United States and said Nations
of those Nations, and the Territory of the United States, which
mouth of Cayahoga River, and running thence up the
Carawana Branch of Muskingum, then down the said River*

*thence westerly to the portage on that Branch of the River
of which branch the Port Harmar, which was taken by the French
and Eighty two, then along the said portage to the Great Miami
River to its mouth, thence along the Southern shore of
and the said Wyandot, Delaware, Ottawa & Chippewa Nations
to them by the said United States, and the presents, they then
of six thousand dollars, now delivered to them by the said
acknowledge. do by these Presents, renew and confirm
may remain as a division line, between the Lands of those
Nations for ever. and the Undesignated Indians do hereby
Nations and tribes, their heirs and descendants, for the consid-
and cede to the said United States, all the Land, East, South
the said Indians formerly claimed the same; for them the said
true and absolute property for ever.*

*do by these Presents, relinquish and quit claim to the said
Limits above described for them the said Indians to live and
see fit, But the said Nations or either of them shall not cede
thereof to any Sovereign power, except the United States
power, nor to the Subjects or Citizens of the United States.*

*States and the said Nations; that the individuals of said Nations
to the United States, without hindrance or molestation
no Injury or annoyance to any of the Subjects or Citizens*

*Indians of the Nations beforementioned shall commit a
United States: The nation or tribe to which the Offender belong*

*person or persons complained of, at the nearest post of
be tried; and if found guilty punished according to the
States, North west of the River Ohio, for the punishment
committed within the said Territory, or according to the Laws
committed; if the same has happened in any of the United
of the United States shall commit murder or robbery or
complaint being made thereof, he or they shall be arrested,
State, or of the Territory, wherein the offence was committed
now established between the United States and said Nations.*

*has prevailed very much, to the great inquiet of the Citizens,
to involve both the United States of America and the Indians
an entire stop to on both sides. Nevertheless should some
provided against such offences continue to make depredations
punished with the utmost severity the Laws of the respective
the Ohio, where the offence may have been committed, in
from the Citizens or Subjects of the United States; or by the
the Indian Nations; may be reclaimed, into whose possession
restored; any stolen in Market Court; notwithstanding.
ively, and in the Territory of the United States, Northwest
Indians claiming such stolen horses.*

*said Nations, and they do hereby respectively engage to
may be duly licensed to reside among them for the purpose
But no person shall be permitted to reside at their towns
furnished with a License for that purpose, under the
the United States Northwest of the Ohio for the time being
for the management of Indian affairs, to the end that*

of the Ohio, shall give the necessary aid & protection to
Article, 7th Trade, shall be opened with the
afford protection to the persons & property of such as
of Trade, and to their Agents, Factors & Servants.
or at their hunting camps as a Trader, who is not
biana and Seal of the Governor of the Territory of
or under the hand and Seal of one of his deputies

they may not be imposed upon in their traffick,
without such Licence they promise to apprehend
one of his deputies for the purpose beforementioned
be defended against persons who might attempt
Information to the said Governor, or one of his
from time to time; and at least once in every

Article, 8th Should any Nation of Indians
and the same shall come to the knowledge of the
engage to give immediate notice thereof to the
People of the United States at the Nearest Post,
the United States or either of them, attempt to pay
same, and in like manner give information of such
from as possible, that all causes of mistrust and
In like manner the United States shall give notice
meditated against them, or either of them, that shall
and prevent the same, that the Friendship between

Article, 9th If any person or persons, citizens
an Indian, shall presume to settle upon the Lands
the protection of the United States, and the said nation

Article, 10th The United States reserve the three
Port. McIntosh for the establishment of Trading
Miles square at the mouth of the Miami or Ohio River
Miami which runs into the Ohio. Six miles square
and two miles square upon each side the lower
unproved to them shall be for the use and under the

Article, 11th The post at Detroit, with a
Postage at the West end of Lake Erie, and running
and always six miles West of the Strait, until it strikes
United States

Article, 12th In like manner, the post at
Square about the same shall be reserved to the sole

Article, 13th The United States of America
entered into with the said Nations, at the Treaty
Nations again acknowledge themselves, and all
States, and no other power whatever.

Article 14th The United States of America,
Nations of the Ojibwas, and Sacs, and do
them respectively and all the Articles of this treaty
as made and concluded in all, and every part

Article, 15th And Whereas, in describing the
line would carry it from the portage on that
the River Au Glaire which was neither the intention
declared, that the Line shall run from the said
which is to the Southward & Eastward of the Miami
River to the said Village, and thence down that
to the place of Beginning.

Indians claiming such stolen horses.
said Nations, and they do hereby respectively engage to
may be duly licensed to reside among them for the purpose
But no person shall be permitted to reside at their towns
furnished with a Licence for that purpose, under the
the United States Northwest of the Ohio for the time being
for the management of Indian affairs, to the end that

and if any person or persons shall intrude themselves
him or them, and to bring them to the said Governor, or
to be dealt with according to Law, and that they may
to forge such licences; they further engage to give
deputies of the Names of all Traders, residing among them
Year.

meditate a war against the United States, or either of them
beforementioned Nations or either of them, they do hereby
Governor, or in his absence to the officer commanding the
and should any Nation with hostile intentions against
that their Country, they will endeavour to prevent the
attempt to the said Governor, or commanding Officer as
Suspicion, may be avoided between them and the United States,
to the said Indian Nations of any harm that may be
come to their knowledge, and do all in their power to hinder
them may be uninterrupted.

or Subjects of the United States, or any other person not being
confirmed to the said Nations, he and they shall be out of
may punish him or them, in such manner as they shall see fit

Nations heretofore made in the beforementioned Treaty at
posts in manner and form following; that is to say, Six
Six miles square at the portage upon that Branch of the
upon the Lake Sandusky where the Port, formerly called
Rapids on Sandusky River, which posts, and the Lands
Government of the United States.

district of Land, beginning at the mouth of the River
up the Southern Bank of said River for miles; thence Northward
the Lake St. Clair, shall be reserved for the use of the

Michilimackinac, with its dependencies and Twelve miles
use of the United States.

Do hereby renew and confirm the peace & Friendship
beforementioned held at Port McIntosh, and the said
their Tribes to be under the protection of the said United

Do also receive into their Friendship and protection the
hereby establish a League of Peace and Amity between
so far as they apply to these Nations, are to be considered
respectfully with them and each of them.

boundary beforementioned, the words if strictly construed
Branch of the Miami which runs into the Ohio, over to
of the Indians, nor of the Commissioners. It is hereby
Portage directly to the first fork of the Miami River
Village, thence down the main branch of the Miami
River to Lake Erie and along the Margin of the Lake

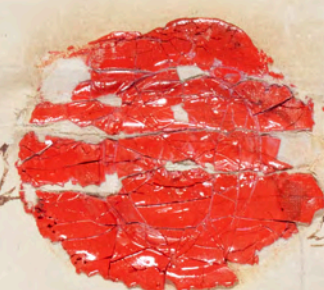

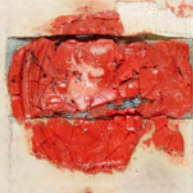

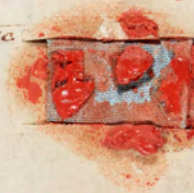
Done at Fort Miamar on the Muskegon
this ninth day of January in the Year of our Lord
one thousand seven hundred & Eighty nine
In witness whereof the parties have hereunto interchanged
a by Set their hands & Seals.


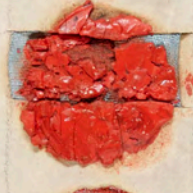
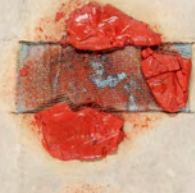

For the Sacs
For the Ojibwas
For the Mesquiss


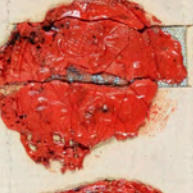
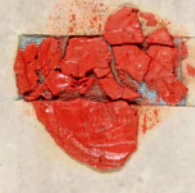

For the Captain

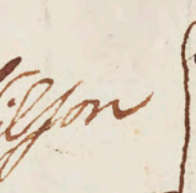
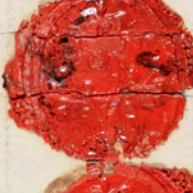
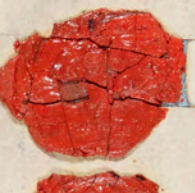
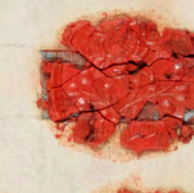
For the Secretary

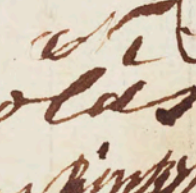

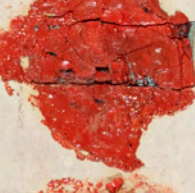
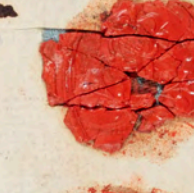
Done at Fort Marmar on the Muskegon
 this ninth day of January in the Year of our Lord
 one thousand seven hundred & Eighty nine
 In witness whereof the parties have hereunto interchanged
 a lig & their hands & seals.

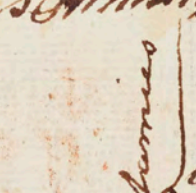

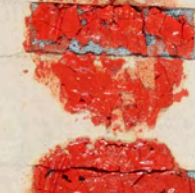

Art. 1. 1st  *Proclamation*  *Mesaps*  *Captain*  *Sergeant* 

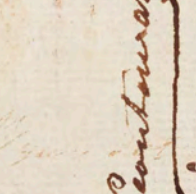



2nd  *Tepakee*  *Wingerson*  *Cheyawee* 



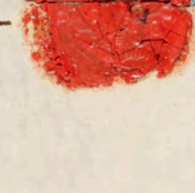

3rd  *Keshuywa*  *Phelan*  *Douglas* 


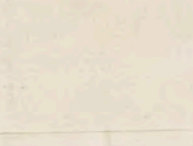

4th  *Pawasicko*  *Seaway*  *Tache* 

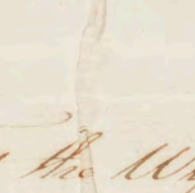
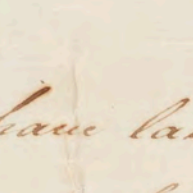
5th  *Chippewago*  *Nanamatkack*  *Terhataw* 

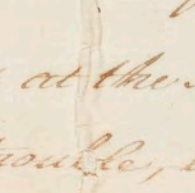
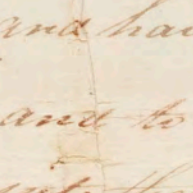
6th  *Uewiskia*  *Uetenasa*  *Datasay* 

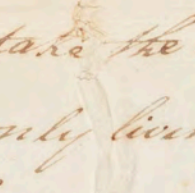
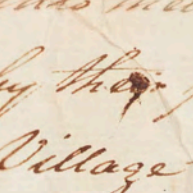
7th  *Thawas*  *Sostone*  *Maudoront* 

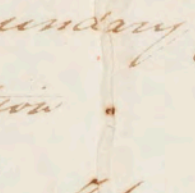
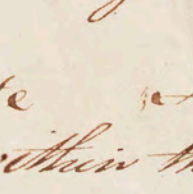
8th  *Neagey*  *Pewanakum*  *Shahomat* 

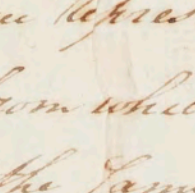
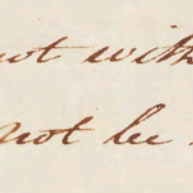
9th  *Windigo*  *Chippewago* 



10th  *Windigo* 


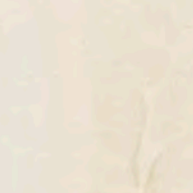
11th  *Windigo* 



12th  *Windigo* 



13th  *Windigo* 


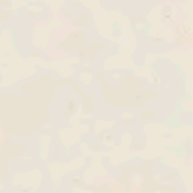
14th  *Windigo* 



15th  *Windigo* 



16th  *Windigo* 



17th  *Windigo* 

18th  *Windigo* 

19th  *Windigo* 

20th  *Windigo* 

21st  *Windigo* 

22nd  *Windigo* 

23rd *Windigo*

24th *Windigo*

25th *Windigo*

26th *Windigo*

27th *Windigo*

28th *Windigo*

29th *Windigo*

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133rd *Windigo*

134th *Windigo*

135th *Windigo*

136th *Windigo*

137th *Windigo*

138th *Windigo*

139th *Windigo*

140th *Windigo*

141st *Windigo*

142nd *Windigo*

143rd *Windigo*

144th *Windigo*

The following are the Names of the Horrors
Left at Fort. Harmer agreeably to the first
Article -

Myandols { Chewaye
 { Delasy
 { Tahanioadaye
 { Tapanogway
 { Homehomalos

Chipewa Agwaymesias



2400
words

1880

1880

January 9th 1889
received at Fort Harmer
with the Myandols

The following are the Names of the Hostages
left at Fort. Harmer agreeably to the first
Article -

Chewaye
Delasy
Tepamecadaye
Myandols }
Tayanogway
Homehomaloo

Chipewa Aquaymesias



Chapter 11. The first of the month of January 1789.
 Chapter 12. The second of the month of January 1789.
 Chapter 13. The third of the month of January 1789.
 Chapter 14. The fourth of the month of January 1789.
 Chapter 15. The fifth of the month of January 1789.

Chapter 16. The sixth of the month of January 1789.
 Chapter 17. The seventh of the month of January 1789.
 Chapter 18. The eighth of the month of January 1789.
 Chapter 19. The ninth of the month of January 1789.
 Chapter 20. The tenth of the month of January 1789.

2400 words

Back

1789

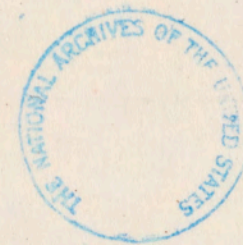
cancelled at Fort Harris
 January 9th 1789 -
 ratified 29 Sept 1789.

Ready



Now know Ye That I having seen and considered the said Treaty, do by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, Accept, ratify, and confirm the same, and every article and clause thereof. In Testimony whereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed, and signed the same with my hand,

Given at the City of New York the Twenty Ninth Day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty nine, and in the Thirteenth year of the Sovereignty and independence of the United States.



G. Washington

By Command of the
President of the United States
of America
A. Knox Secretary
for the department of War

Ratification of the Indian
Treaty concluded at Fort
Harmar January 9. 1789

206
words


By the President of the
United States of America

A Proclamation

Whereas by virtue of powers
given by the United States in Congress
Assembled to Arthur T^h Clair Gover-
nor of the territory north west of
the Ohio, and Commissioner Pleni-
potentiary for treating with the
Indian Nations in the northern


department

department a treaty was concluded
at Fort Harmar on the ninth day
of January last past by the said
Arthur St. Clair on the part of the
United States with the Sachems,
Chiefs and Warriors of the Wyandot,
Delaware, Ottawa, Chippawa,
Pottawatima and Sac Nations.



And Whereas I have
by and with the advice and
consent of the Senate in due form
ratified the said Treaty — Now
therefore to the end that the same
may be observed and performed
with good faith on the part of the
United

United States I have ordered the said
treaty to be herewith published, and
I do hereby enjoin and require all
officers of the United States civil
and military and all other citizens
and inhabitants thereof faithfully to
observe and fulfill the same.



Given under my hand in the
City of New York this twenty ninth
day of September in the year of
our Lord, one thousand, seven
hundred and eighty nine, and
in the thirteenth year of the

Sovereignty

Sovereignty and independence
of the United States.

By command
of the President of the
United States of America.

AK Max

Secretary for the department of War.

A Proclamation by
the President of the
United States.

Sept. 27. 1789.

Recor. page. 1.

Separate Article

Should a Robbery or Murder be committed by an Indian or Indians of the said Nations upon the Citizens or Subjects of the United States or any of them or by the Citizens or Subjects of the United States or any of them upon any Indian or Indians of the said Nations the Parties accused of the same shall be tried, and if found guilty be punished according to the Laws of this State, or of the Territory of the United States as the case may be, where the same was committed: And should any Horse be stolen either by the Indians of the said Nations ~~from~~ the Citizens or Subjects of the United States or any of them, or by any of the said Citizens and Subjects from any of the said Indians they may be reclaimed into whose Possession soever they may have come, and upon due proof shall be restored any Sale in open Market notwithstanding and the Parties convicted shall be punished with the utmost severity the Laws will admit: And the said Nations engage to deliver the Parties that may be accused of their Nations, of either of the before mentioned crimes at the nearest Port of the United States if the crime was committed within the Territory of the United States, or to the Civil Authority of the State, if it shall have happened within any of the United States.

A. M. Clain



Treaty January 1799.

The following are the Names of the Hostages left at Fort Harmar agreeably to the first Article—

	{ Chewaye
	{ Oatasy
Wyandots	{ Tehamendaye
	{ Tayanoquay
	{ Homehoneatoo
Chipewa	{ Aquaywesias

SEPARATE ARTICLE ⁸²

Should a Robbery or Murder be committed by an Indian or Indians of the said Nations upon the Citizens or Subjects of the united States or any of them or by the Citizens or Subjects of the united States or any of them upon any Indian or Indians of the said Nations the Parties accused of the same shall be tried, and if found guilty be punished according to the Laws of the State, or of the Territory of the united States as the case may be, where the same was committed: And should any Horses be stolen either by the Indians of the said Nations from the Citizens or Subjects of the united States or any of them, or by any of the said Citizens and Subjects from any of the said Indians they may be reclaimed into whose Possession soever they may have come, and upon due proof shall be restored any Sales in open Market notwithstanding and the Parties convicted shall be punished with the utmost Severity the Laws will admit: And the said Nations engage to deliver the Parties that may be accused of their Nations, of either of the before mentioned Crimes at the nearest Post of the united States if the Crime was committed within the Territory of the united States, or to the Civil Authority of the State, if it shall have happened within any of the united States

[Endorsed] Treaty—January 1789—

A^r S^t CLAIR

⁷⁸ An officer of the Pennsylvania line in the Revolution; brigadier general, 1783; major general U. S. levies, 1791; killed in action, Nov. 4, 1791 (Heitman, *Reg. Cont. Army*, p. 111).

⁷⁹ In command of western frontier troops at the close of the Revolution. In 1800 he was appointed Secretary of the Territory of Indiana, which position he held until the admission of the Territory into the Union (*Pa. Archs.*, 2 ser., IV, 68).

⁸⁰ Of Pennsylvania; captain Continental Army, 1781, and of U. S. Infantry, 1784–1791 (Heitman, *Reg. Cont. Army*, p. 276).

⁸¹ Ebenezer Denny, with Harmar's regiment in the West, 1784–1787; captain U. S. Infantry, 1791; author of "Military Journal of Major Ebenezer Denny", *Memoirs Hist. Soc. Pa.*, VII, 207–409.

⁸² This article is written on a separate paper and is in St. Clair's hand.